CHRIS RILEY

Final OLD TESTAMENT T, TH. I would like to compare adam with Jesus Christ. " Under Jesus Christ, adam was the first man and presiding high priest over all the earth for all time & as one who will lead the armies of heaven in the final great war against Lucifer." MORMON DOCTRINE I feel this is saying adam isn't perfect but plays a very important role along with that of Desus Christ in bringing éternallife. all exatted beings become jointheiro w/ Christ + inherit the fulness of the Father's Kingdom." adam took the first body on earth + fell from immortal state in which he first existed on earth + brought mortality + death into the world. Bringing temporal + spiritual death into the world, he did, from the effects

(D+C.) 27:11)

of which deaths the atonement of Christ was foreordaine as a ransom. Just as adam had his mission as part of the plan, Christ had + fullfilled his mission on earth also. (Moses) 5:11 Christ represented the Father on earth in a perfect state to provide a way to return to him. adam represented the Father of the

human family, presides over all the spirits

CHRIST / ADAM COMPARISON

DARREN HULSTINE

OLD TESTAMENT

FALL SEMESTER

BRUCE PORTER

Father: Either 3:14 D&C 27:11

Foreordination: 1 Peter 1:19-20 D&C 138:38-56

One with God: D&C 50:43 Moses 6:68

Prince: 2 Nephi 19:6 D&C 107:54-55

Son of God: J.S.H. 1:17 Luke 3:38

Temptations: Matthew 4:1-10 Moses 4:19-28

COMMONALITY

CHRIST

ADAM

Antemortal

existence:

3 nephi 26:25

Revelation 12:7

Authority

(priesthood):

Matthew 21:23-46

Moses 6:67

Baptism:

Matthew 3:16

Moses 6:66

Birth:

(born of virgin)

Luke 1:26-31

Moses 3:7

(first born)

Isaiah 41:4

Revelation 2:14

Moses 1:34

Creators:

Abraham 3:24

Abraham 3:24

(temple film)

Divine Mission:

2 Nephi 2:22-27

2 Nephi 2:22-27

Dominion:

Daniel 7:14

Moses 5:1

Genesis 1:26,28

Exalted:

Mark 16:19

D&C 128:21

Ahraham Adam Enoch - "Father of the Faithful" - Father of the human ruce - asks the Lord to have -founder of the covenant - had a pure and perfect mercy on Woah's seed written language race -translated - Will come again in power and glory preperatory to the second coming of Christ. - determined - noble - very humble - intelligent

Tam: Johansen Old Testiment TTh #:00

Comparison of Adam, Enoch, Abraham, and Jesus

Shaved by all four men similarities of their lives: baptized by water received the holy Glaost held the priesthood asked people to repent for eardained

why they were considered partect: all achieved the status of celestral beings personalities:

humble faithful committed

Shared by Adam. Enoch, and Abraham

patriarch

dispensational heads

conversed with the Lord

seer

In regular scripture reading, I have read the Song of Nephi probably several times, recognizing the poetic nature of the verses as well as the intense emotion behind the But for the first time, I found tonight an understanding of what Nephi was really feeling. Due to a personal experience I recently had, I discovered that Nephi's words mirrored those thoughts and feelings within myself. It was incredible how this mutual understanding served to bring the scriptures so much closer to me in a personal way. For a time, the characters were no longer names on paper, but rather people -- friends -- from a different time period who had feelings (why should that surprise me?) and weaknesses like my own. In the midst of a historical record, Nephi's words provide a glimpse into his deepest personal feelings and desires; I found his honesty to be exquisite -- and quite brave.

I notic*ed an interesting psychological progression in these verses of 2Nephi. His initial outburst in verse 17, "O wretched man that I am!", is like a spark to fuel the fire of his woes. His grief is apparent in the first few verses, but he does recognize the hand of God in his trials; Nephi mourns because of his sins, but does not despair in God. In verse 20 he says, "My God hath been my support...", and he explains that God has filled him with His love, confounded his enemies, heard his prayers, and shown him visions. Thus, he questions the reasons for his great weakness and yielding to sin, not the motives of God.

Verses 26-28 seem to voice Nephi's frustrations with his

physical body for yielding to sin and temptation.

However, the mood changes in verse 28. "Awake my soul...". His lament is put aside as he commands himself to be strong and to endure. His actual pleas to the Lord begin in verse 31 as he asks for protection, strength, and humility, through verse 33. As I read this, I recalled a British sonnet by the metaphysical poet, John Donne, called "Batter My Heart".

Batter my heart, three-personed God; for you As yet but knock, breathe, shine, and seek to mend; That I may rise and stand, o'erthrow me, and bend Your force to break, blow, burn, and make me new. I, like an usurped town, to another due, Labor to admit you, but O, to no end; Reason, your viceroy in me, me should defend, But is captived, and proves weak or untrue. Yet dearly I love you, and would be loved fain, But am betrothed unto your enemy. Divorce me, untie or break that knot again; Take me to you, imprison me, for I, Except you enthrall me, never shall be free, Nor ever chaste, except you ravish me.

Just as Nephi asked that the gates of hell be shut to him, that he would have a plain and strict path to follow, so did Donne want to be brought back into the presence of God in humility. Admittedly, Donne's words are more violent than Nephi's, but I sensed a correlation in their original desires.

After all of Nephi's moaning, self commands, and requests, he finally comes to a rest in verses 34-35. He states that he has always trusted in the Lord and will continue to do so, for he who trusts in the arm of flesh is cursed. It almost seems that Nephi is reassuring himself — reminding himself that God does give to those who ask. As Nephi promises to always rely on God and lift up his voice to Him forever, I could see that Nephi had truly found his peace of mind. His experience was simply an example of the

scripture in Ether 12:6: "...ye receive no witness until after the trial of your faith."